

BEFORE
THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF
SOUTH CAROLINA
DOCKET NO. 2009-65-C - ORDER NO. 2009-812
NOVEMBER 6, 2009

IN RE: Application of Everycall Communications, Inc. for Designation as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier) ORDER GRANTING) DESIGNATION AS AN) ELIGIBLE) TELECOMMUNICATIONS) CARRIER FOR LIFELINE) AND LINK-UP SUPPORT) FROM THE UNIVERSAL) SERVICE FUND
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This matter comes before the Public Service Commission of South Carolina ("Commission") by way of the Application of Everycall Communications, Inc. ("Everycall" or the "Company") for designation as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier ("ETC") throughout the BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T South Carolina service territories ("Designated Service Territory") under the provisions of 47 U.S.C. §214(e)(2) of the Federal Telecommunications Act (the "Federal Act") and 47 C.F.R. §§54.401-54.417 (the "FCC's Rules"). Everycall filed its Application on February 11, 2009, seeking ETC status in order to offer Lifeline and Link-Up support to its qualifying customers, and draw from the federal Universal Service Fund ("USF") in connection with those services.

By letter, the Commission instructed Everycall to publish, one time, prepared Notices of Filing in newspapers of general circulation in the areas affected by the Application. The purpose of the Notices of Filing was to inform interested parties of the

manner and time in which to file the appropriate pleadings for participation in the proceedings. The Company complied with this instruction and provided the Commission with proof of publication of the Notices of Filing. No petitions to intervene were received. The South Carolina Office of Regulatory Staff ("ORS") was a party pursuant to statute.

The hearing was held on September 24, 2009, in the Commission's Hearing Room with the Honorable Elizabeth B. Fleming, Chairman, presiding. At the hearing Scott Elliott, Esquire, represented Everycall. Shealy Boland Reibold, Esquire, represented the ORS. Everycall presented the Direct Testimony of Kyle Coats. The ORS presented the Direct Testimony of James M. McDaniel.

BACKGROUND

Everycall is a Louisiana Corporation, operating as a foreign corporation in South Carolina, and is authorized to provide competitive resold local exchange telecommunications services in this State pursuant to Order No. 2004-47 (January 30, 2004) issued in Docket No. 2003-297-C. The Company provides local exchange and exchange access services in the Designated Service Area using a combination of resale and unbundled network elements, or unbundled network equivalents ("UNEs") obtained through commercial agreements that allow end-to-end switching delivery of calls. Everycall offers all of the supported services using facilities obtained as UNEs, or the equivalents thereof, through commercial agreements. According to FCC Rules, facilities obtained as UNEs satisfy the requirement that an ETC provide the supported services

using either its own facilities or a combination of its own facilities and resale of another carrier's services.

The federal USF consists of four programs, each administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company ("USAC"): 1) financial support to carriers serving high-cost areas; 2) the E-rate program, which provides discounted services (local and long distance telephone service, Internet access, and internal connections to eligible schools and libraries); 3) assistance to low income customers (discounted installation and monthly telephone services); and 4) discounted services to rural health care providers. Everycall has made clear that it is not planning to seek high-cost universal service funding if it is designated as an ETC in South Carolina. Accordingly, Everycall limits its requested USF support to the federal USF low income support program and certifies that all low income USF funding it receives will be used to subsidize rates for its Lifeline and Link-Up customers, consistent with 47 C.F.R. § 54.403.

On July 2, 2009, Everycall and the ORS submitted a Stipulation setting out a number of terms under which Everycall agreed to operate should the Commission grant its ETC Application. The Stipulation between Everycall and the ORS is attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference. As set out in the Stipulation, Everycall agrees to comply with 26 S.C. Code Ann. Regs. 103-690(C)(a)-(g).

ANALYSIS

A. Federal Statutory Requirements

In Section 214(e)(2) of the Federal Act, Congress authorized state commissions to designate a common carrier as an ETC if the carrier meets the requirements of Section 214(e)(1). Section 214(e)(1) provides:

(1) Eligible Telecommunications Carriers

A common carrier designated as an eligible telecommunications carrier under paragraph (2), (3), or (6) shall be eligible to receive universal service support in accordance with section 254 and shall, throughout the service area for which the designation is received:

(A) offer the services that are supported by Federal universal service support mechanisms under section 254(c), either using its own facilities or a combination of its own facilities and resale of another carrier's services (including the services offered by another eligible telecommunications carrier); and

(B) advertise the availability of such services and the charges therefore using media of general distribution.

A telecommunications carrier may be designated as an ETC and receive universal service support so long as it offers, within a service area, the services that are supported

by federal universal service support mechanisms under Section 254(c) of the Act, and so long as it adequately advertises the availability of, and the charges for, such services. The Commission notes that Everycall bears the burden of proving it has met each of the necessary elements required for ETC designation.

1. Service Area

Section 54.207 of the FCC's rules defines a "service area" as a "geographic area established by a state commission for the purpose of determining universal service obligations and support mechanisms." 47 C.F.R. § 54.207(a). For service areas served by a non-rural incumbent local exchange company ("ILEC"), there are no restrictions on how a commission identifies a "service area" for purposes of designating a competitive ETC. Everycall has requested ETC designation in wire centers located throughout the service area of BellSouth/AT&T South Carolina, a non-rural carrier. No party opposes Everycall's service area designation. The Commission finds that Everycall has met the service area requirement.

2. Required Service Offerings

The services to be supported by the USF under Section 254(a) are principally enumerated in Section 54.101(a) of the FCC's Rules, 47 CFR 54.101(a), as follows:

- (a) Voice grade access to the public switched network;
- (b) Local usage;
- (c) Dual tone multi -frequency signaling or its functional equivalent;
- (d) Single-party service or its functional equivalent;
- (e) Access to emergency services;

- (f) Access to operator services;
- (g) Access to interexchange service;
- (h) Access to directory assistance; and
- (i) Toll limitation for qualifying low-income consumers.

As set out in its Application and Testimony, Everycall will offer all of the services enumerated above using facilities obtained from BellSouth/AT&T South Carolina by means of a commercial agreement. Accordingly, Everycall satisfies the requirement set out in Section 214(e)(1)(B).

Additionally, FCC rules obligate an ETC to provide the low income support programs known as Lifeline and Link-Up and advertise the availability of those services in a manner reasonably designed to reach those likely to qualify for them. 47 C.F.R. §§ 54.405 and 54.411. No party provided evidence or argument in opposition to Everycall's evidence regarding the foregoing supported services. The Commission finds that Everycall offers and has the capability to provide each of the nine supported services in the areas for which it seeks ETC status.

3. Required Advertising

In addition to the service offerings required by Section 214(e)(1)(B) of the Federal Act, FCC rules (CFR Parts 54.405 and 54.411) provide that an ETC must also publicize the availability of Lifeline and Link-Up services "in a manner reasonably designed to reach those likely to qualify for the service." Lifeline and Link-Up are the programs Everycall intends to support with ETC funding. Everycall provided testimony showing that it will advertise the availability and terms of its services throughout its designated

area. Tr. at 20-21. No party challenged Everycall's testimony. The Commission concludes that Everycall has demonstrated that it will publicize the availability of Lifeline and Link-Up in a manner reasonably designed to reach those likely to qualify for the service, as directed by CFR §§ 54.405 and 54.411.

B. The FCC's ETC Order

On March 17, 2005, the FCC issued its ETC Order to clarify existing requirements and impose additional federal requirements that the FCC will use in evaluating future federal applications for ETC designation. The FCC described its additional guidelines, codified at 47 CFR §54.202, as "the minimum requirements" it would use in designating a carrier as an ETC, and urged that state commissions apply these guidelines in their evaluation of ETC applications properly before such commissions. However, the FCC did not obligate state commissions to employ the additional guidelines. ETC Order at paragraphs 58-64.

Generally, the additional FCC guidelines require that an ETC applicant demonstrate: (1) a commitment and ability to provide services, including service to all customers within its proposed service area; (2) that it will remain functional in emergency situations; (3) that it will satisfy consumer protection and service quality standards; (4) that it offers local usage comparable to that offered by the ILEC; and (5) an understanding that it may be required to provide equal access if all other ETCs in the designated service area relinquish their designations pursuant to section 214(e)(4) of the Federal Act. Further, the FCC augmented its existing annual certification and reporting requirements to further the FCC's goal of ensuring that ETCs provide supported services

throughout their service territories. Moreover, the FCC expanded its view of the public interest requirement for additional ETCs.

Although the additional requirements in the ETC Order are not binding on the Commission and appear to be oriented towards high cost fund applicants, we will consider them, as is appropriate, in this proceeding. **Moreover, Everycall will abide by the Commission regulations regarding designation of an eligible telecommunications carrier which became effective on May 23, 2008. Everycall will also abide by the Commission regulations regarding annual reporting requirements which became effective June 26, 2009.**

1. Specific Additional FCC Performance Requirements

First, pursuant to the ETC Order, an ETC applicant shall commit to providing service throughout its proposed designated service area to all customers making a reasonable request for service. 47 CFR §54.202(a)(1)(A).

Everycall commits to providing service throughout its proposed ETC-designated service area to all customers. Tr. at 19. No party questions that commitment. Consequently, the Commission concludes that Everycall supplied sufficient evidence demonstrating its present ability to provide service throughout its proposed ETC-designated service area to all customers who make a reasonable request for service.

The FCC also expects an applicant to demonstrate its ability to furnish services to all customers in the foreseeable future. Thus, the FCC requires that a federal ETC applicant submit a five-year plan describing, with specificity, proposed improvements or upgrades to the applicant's network on a wire-center-by-wire-center basis throughout its

proposed designated service area. However, because Everycall seeks ETC designation solely for reimbursement of subsidized Lifeline and Link-Up services to eligible customers and relies on the networks of its underlying carriers, the Commission agrees with Everycall and the ORS and finds that submission of a Five-Year Network Improvement Plan is not required at this time. However, should Everycall seek to receive high cost support, it shall abide by any multi-year network improvement plan requirements of the Commission.

Second, the ETC Order obliges an applicant to demonstrate its ability to remain functional in emergency situations. Everycall has provided testimony that it has the ability to do so. Because Everycall leases facilities from BellSouth/AT&T South Carolina to serve its customers, it has the same ability to remain functional in emergency situations as its underlying carrier. No party disagrees. The Commission finds that Everycall has met its burden on this issue.

Third, an ETC applicant shall demonstrate that it will satisfy applicable consumer protection and service quality standards. 47 CFR §54.202(a)(3). Everycall provided evidence that it will satisfy applicable consumer protection and service quality standards. Tr. at 19-20. As part of its certification requirements for local exchange and interexchange services, Everycall must abide by the service quality and consumer protection rules set forth in the Commission's regulations and applicable orders. No party questions Everycall's evidence or commitments concerning the applicable standards. Consequently, the Commission concludes that Everycall has demonstrated that it will satisfy appropriate consumer protection and service quality standards. This finding is

conditioned on Everycall's continuing compliance with the commitments it made in its certification docket and in this proceeding.

Fourth, an ETC applicant shall demonstrate that it offers a local usage plan comparable to the one offered by the ILEC in the service areas for which it seeks designation. The FCC has not adopted a specific local usage threshold. Everycall's witness indicates that all of the Company's service offerings include unlimited local calling. Therefore, the Commission finds that Everycall's local usage and rate plans meet the comparable local usage and rate plan requirement.

Fifth, an ETC applicant shall certify its acknowledgement that the FCC may require it to provide equal access to long distance carriers if no other ETC is doing so within the service area. ETC Order at Paragraph 35; 47 CFR §54.202(a)(5). The Commission finds that Everycall meets the equal access requirement.

2. Specific additional FCC Certification and Reporting Requirements

In Paragraph 69 of its ETC Order, the FCC identified the following additional annual reporting and certification requirements for ETCs (some of which simply require annual certification of existing ETC performance requirements):

a) progress reports on the ETC's five-year service quality improvement plan, including maps detailing progress towards meeting its plan targets, an explanation of how much universal service support was received and how the support was used to improve signal quality, coverage, or capacity; and an explanation regarding any network improvement targets that have not been fulfilled. The information should be submitted at the wire center level;

b) detailed information on any outage lasting at least 30 minutes for any service area in which an ETC is designated for any facilities it owns, operates, leases, or otherwise utilizes that potentially affect at least ten percent of the end users served in a designated service area or that potentially affect a 911 special facility (as defined in subsection (e) of section 4.S of the Outage Reporting Order). An outage is defined as a significant degradation in the ability of an end user to establish and maintain a channel of communications as a result of failure or degradation in the performance of a communications provider's network. Specifically, the ETC's annual report must include: 1) the date and time of onset of the outage; 2) a brief description of the outage and its resolution; 3) the particular services affected; 4) the geographic areas affected by the outage; 5) steps taken to prevent a similar situation in the future; and 6) the number of customers affected;

c) the number of requests for service from potential customers within its service areas that were unfulfilled for the past year. The ETC must also detail how it attempted to provide service to those potential customers;

d) the number of complaints per 1,000 handsets or lines;

e) certification that the ETC is complying with applicable service quality standards and consumer protection rules, e.g., the CTIA Consumer Code for Wireless Service;

f) certification that the ETC is able to function in emergency situations;

g) the amount of USF funding received by Everycall during the reporting period;

h) certification that the ETC is offering a local usage plan comparable to that

offered by the incumbent LEC in the relevant service areas; and

i) certification that the carrier acknowledges that the Commission may require it to provide equal access to long distance carriers in the event that no other eligible telecommunications carrier is providing equal access within the service area.

The FCC encouraged state commissions to adopt the foregoing reporting requirements and to apply them to all ETCs, not merely competitive ETCs. ETC Order, Paragraph 71. We will follow the FCC's recommendation with the exception of the progress reports on the five year plan, and we find that Everycall has committed to complying with all other applicable annual reporting requirements imposed on a recipient of low cost support. The Commission concludes that Everycall must file reports with the ORS as set out in the parties' Stipulation.

3. The Public Interest Requirement

Section 214(e)(2) of the Federal Act requires a finding that additional ETC designations be in the public interest. In the instant case, Everycall has demonstrated that its application for ETC designation is in the public interest, within the meaning of the ETC Order. Everycall asserts that since low income support and Lifeline is designed to reduce the monthly cost of telecommunications services for eligible consumers, and is distributed on a household basis, and is directly reflected in the price that the eligible customer pays, it is assured that all support received by the carrier is used to provide Lifeline services to consumers, thus promoting Lifeline and the availability of telephone service to low income users. No party contends that Everycall does not meet the public interest test.

In the Commission's view, the designation of Everycall as an ETC will increase customer choice for low income consumers eligible for Lifeline and Link-Up support in the areas requested. Customers who can obtain this telecommunications service will likely benefit from additional rate plan options and increased access to emergency services.

The Commission notes that Everycall's specific voluntary commitment to comply with the guidelines in the ETC order - and specifically with the Commission's existing Orders and regulations governing eligible telecommunications carriers is a critical component supporting a positive public interest finding. Thus, subject to the commitments and conditions discussed in this Order, the Commission concludes that Everycall has shown that its designation as an additional ETC is in the public interest for its proposed ETC designated area.

C. Other Considerations

With regard to annual recertification, we hold that the annual recertification required by the FCC and the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) is adequate and that the Company should not be required to apply for additional recertification to this Commission on an annual basis. However, since Everycall seeks to be designated only in non-rural exchanges of BellSouth/AT&T South Carolina, expansion to rural high cost areas would require additional designation proceedings before this Commission. Additionally, Everycall shall include in its quarterly Service Quality Report the number and justification of applications held for more than 30 days and the number and justification of applications that were denied. Everycall shall submit

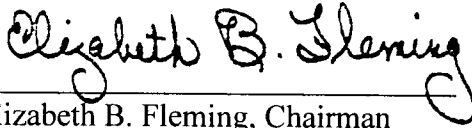
a progress report on its two-year plan that describes the carrier's plans for advertising and outreach programs for identifying, qualifying, and enrolling eligible participants in the Lifeline and Link-Up programs.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

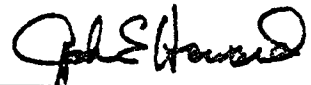
1. Everycall is designated as an ETC in the requested areas served by BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. d/b/a AT&T South Carolina, as of the effective date of this Order.
2. Everycall shall abide by its commitment to provide service throughout its ETC designated service area to all customers making a reasonable request for service, including low-income customers.
3. Everycall shall include in its quarterly Service Quality Report the number and justification of applications held for more than 30 days and the number and justification of applications that were denied.
4. Everycall shall submit a progress report on its two-year plan that describes the carrier's plans for advertising and outreach programs for identifying, qualifying, and enrolling eligible participants in the Lifeline and Link-Up programs.
5. All federal USF funding received as a result of this Order will be used for Lifeline and Link-Up support for low income customers.
6. Should the Commission determine that Everycall has not honored its commitments and plans as set forth before the Commission, or has failed to follow the applicable statutes, rules or regulations; the Commission may deny Everycall's designation and/or annual recertification as an ETC.

7. The Everycall-ORS Stipulation is approved.
8. This Order shall remain in full force and effect until further Order of the Commission.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION:


Elizabeth B. Fleming, Chairman

ATTEST:


John E. Howard, Vice Chairman
(SEAL)

STIPULATION

RE: Docket No. 2009-65-C – Application of Everycall Communications, Incorporated for Designation as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier

Everycall Communications, Incorporated (“Everycall”) is a certified CLEC that offers local exchange service and meets the facilities requirements identified in 47 CFR 54.201(f) for universal service funding by leasing the physical components of the telecommunications network necessary to provide the nine services identified in 47 CFR 54.201(d)(1) through its Commercial Agreements with AT&T South Carolina. In addition, Everycall agrees to advertise the availability of supported services using media of general distribution.

The federal USF provides support to four programs, each administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company (“USAC”): (1) financial support to carriers serving high cost areas; (2) the E-rate program, which provides discounted services (local and long distance telephone service, Internet access, and internal connection) to eligible schools and libraries; (3) assistance to low income consumers (discounted installation and monthly telephone services; and (4) discounted service to rural health care providers.

Everycall has requested ETC designation in wire centers located throughout the service area of AT&T South Carolina, a non-rural carrier. Additionally, Everycall has limited its requested USF support to the federal USF low income support program. Everycall certifies that all low income USF funding it receives will be used to provide a credit to its Lifeline and Link-up eligible customers, consistent with 47 CFR 54.403. Additionally, Everycall agrees to offer Lifeline packages and Link-up service consistent with the rates, terms, and conditions contained in its tariff and will publish the availability of these same services on its website.

Everycall agrees to include in its quarterly Service Quality Report the number and justification of applications held for more than 30 days and the number and justification of applications that were denied. Everycall will only seek direct low income support from the Federal Universal Service Fund for those lines provided through the use of its own facilities or through a combination of its own facilities and the leased facilities of another carrier. Everycall also agrees to report quarterly the percentage of consumers sold Lifeline via resale versus via facilities-based sales.

Until modified by the Commission, Everycall agrees to utilize TANF, Food Stamps, and Medicaid as the qualifying criteria for Lifeline and Link-up services throughout the AT&T South Carolina territory.

Everycall agrees to provide Lifeline customers an additional \$3.50 credit in order that the federal matching monies can be maximized. This will yield a Lifeline credit of \$13.50 per month which is consistent with the credit offered throughout the AT&T South Carolina service area.

Everycall agrees that it will abide by all advertising, reporting and verification requirements established by the FCC and the Commission.

Should Everycall seek designation as an ETC for high cost support, Everycall will file an additional and separate application with the Commission that addresses all applicable state and federal laws, rules and regulations, including, but not limited to, an appropriate build-out plan that includes the use of its own facilities in addition to those obtained through commercial agreements to provide services to unserved and underserved areas.

Everycall agrees to revise and refile its two-year advertising and outreach plan to eliminate any references to an income-based eligibility requirement for participation in the Lifeline and Link-up programs.

Everycall agrees to file and maintain a current electronic version of its tariff on the Commission's website.

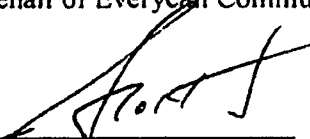
Everycall shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws, rules, and regulations regarding ETC designation and reporting requirements. More specifically, Everycall agrees to abide by the Commission regulations regarding designation of an eligible telecommunications carrier which became effective on May 23, 2008. Everycall also agrees to abide by the Commission regulations regarding annual reporting requirements which became effective June 26, 2009.

The Parties represent that the terms of this Stipulation are based upon full and accurate information known as of the date this Stipulation is executed. If, after execution, either Party is made aware of information that conflicts, nullifies, or is otherwise materially different than that information upon which this Stipulation is based, either Party may withdraw from the Stipulation with written notice to the other Party;

The Office of Regulatory Staff ("ORS") does not oppose the application of Everycall for certification as an eligible telecommunications carrier.

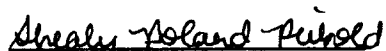
In the event ORS conducts cross-examination of Everycall, such cross-examination shall not be inconsistent with the agreed upon terms contained herewith.

On behalf of Everycall Communications, Inc.:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Scott Elliott", written over a horizontal line.

Scott Elliott, Esquire
Elliott & Elliott
721 Olive Street
Columbia, South Carolina 29205

On behalf of the Office of Regulatory Staff:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Shealy Boland Reibold", written over a horizontal line.

Shealy Boland Reibold, Esquire
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Columbia, South Carolina 29201